

The Wheeling Intelligence.

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MCKINLEY AGAIN.

He Comments on the British Banquet to Wilson.

MR. WILSON'S FATAL ADMISSION

That "Tariff Reformers" are Breaking Down the Defenses

AGAINST THE CHEAPER LABOR

Products of Foreign Countries—No Wonder That the Members of the London Chamber of Commerce Applauded Him—"No Industrial Policy Shall Long Continue in This Country That Will Lower the Conditions of the People to the Level of Their European Rivals."

GALLIPOLIS, OHIO, Sept. 28.—The author of the McKinley tariff law today paid his compliments to the author of the Wilson tariff law. It was a notable occasion. There was a good sized audience present, composed in part of West Virginians, who joined as heartily as their Ohio neighbors in applauding the satirical reference to the famous West Virginian who is the head of the ways and means committee of the national house of representatives, Mr. Wilson.

In the course of his long address Governor McKinley inquired what industries the tariff law of 1894 created and what existing industries it had stimulated, and said:

"I find answer to my question in the newspaper dispatches to-day from London furnishing particulars of a banquet given by the Chamber of Commerce, of London, to Mr. Wilson, member of Congress from the state of West Virginia, whose rugged hillsides I see just over the river. Sir Albert Kaye Rollet, who presided at the banquet, said that Mr. Wilson's name had become honored and familiar in England, and that London, in honoring him, honored itself; that the new tariff law, while it might not have realized the aspirations of its promoters, had already benefited England. Furnaces have been reopened in Wales and Yorkshire, and an impetus has been given to the textile industries.

"This will be cheering news to the people of the United States, and will bring comfort to the idle men who for more than a year have been waiting for the American mills to reopen. You have not heard of any commercial body in the United States, through its spokesmen, declaring that any industries in America have been stimulated by this war, whatever benefits have gone to other countries. While the banquet at London was proceeding the board of trade of Edinburgh sent its congratulations. There was a singular absence of any American dispatches. [Prolonged applause.] Here is a word of encouragement which Mr. Wilson himself gave to the gentlemen of London. He said:

"Our protectionists have been building defenses to keep you and other nations from competing with us in our markets. The tariff reformers are breaking down these defenses. 'That,' continued Governor McKinley, 'is what we object to. If we do not defend our home markets against the products of the cheaper labor of other countries, who will? Is it any wonder that the gentlemen of the chamber of commerce of London applauded Mr. Wilson when he uttered such a sentiment?'

"Mr. Wilson even despairs of free government, for he said, 'We are being rapidly sobered, though unappalled, by the truth being forced upon us that of all human governments, a free government is the most complex and difficult, and, judging from the world's experience, the most uncertain and short-lived.'

"I beg to assure Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, that the government of the United States, resting, as it does, upon the will of free people, is safe and secure, quite as secure as the governments that are conducted by the titled few, and that a free people like ours, capable of governing themselves, and having so demonstrated for more than one hundred years, will be alert enough to see to it that no industrial policy shall long continue in this country that will lower the conditions of the people to the level of their European rivals and rob them of their dignity and independence.

HE BEGGED FOR MERCY.

A Merchant Cowarded by a Young Woman Whom He Had Slandered.

COURTLAND, ALA., Sept. 28.—Abo Abrams, a prominent merchant, was publicly cowarded here to-day by Miss Lucille Doss, daughter of Porter Doss, sr., proprietor of the Doss Hotel. It is said that Abrams made a disparaging remark about Miss Doss which reached her ear. The young woman armed herself with a cowhide and proceeded to give her alleged defamer a flogging blow and made him beg for mercy. Abrams was also attacked by a brother of the young lady, and would have been killed but for the interference of the chief of police, who arrested all the parties.

Fatal Runaway.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Sept. 28.—Near Winfield to-day, in a runaway Charles Sims was thrown from a cart and killed. His father, E. T. Sims, a prominent man, was thrown out also and perhaps fatally hurt.

Killed by Burglars.

ELYRIA, O., Sept. 28.—At 2 o'clock this morning young man named John Henry, at Grafton, Ohio, was awakened by burglars in his room. Henry gave chase and was shot and killed by one of the thieves. The burglars have been tracked to this place.

The Forest Fire.

BRANDED, MINN., Sept. 28.—No further news with regard to the forest fire can be obtained. The smoke in the burned district is so dense that it is impossible to investigate, although

fears are entertained that the family of Joe Myers perished, as nothing can be heard of them, and their farm cannot be reached. John Cameron, four miles out of town, lost two barns, eighty tons of hay, one hundred cords of wood and all his grain. The fire has abated.

WEST INDIA STORM.

Great Damage to Property, But no Lives Were Lost.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Sept. 28.—Communication with South Florida is being restored and special dispatches are pouring in on the Times-Union relating to the damage done by the West India cyclone, which raged in this state Tuesday and Wednesday. The dispatches all tell the same story of houses wrecked and crops destroyed, but no loss of life is reported.

The Times-Union received a dispatch from Tampa to-day, which is the first information from that place since Tuesday. At Tampa several large cigar factories were wrecked. The large three-story brick factory of Seidenberg & Co. was destroyed. The factory of C. A. Joyce was demolished, as were also the factories of Yebor & Manarara, Teodoro Perez & Co. and O'Halloran. The First Presbyterian church and the palatial hotel, Tampa Bay, were badly damaged. Several smaller structures were also demolished. The total loss on buildings at Tampa is estimated at \$50,000.

To-day the Times-Union received advices from St. Augustine, which have been cut off since Tuesday. No lives were lost, but several houses were wrecked and the losses will run into the thousands. Nearly all the windows in the city were blown in and the houses flooded with water. The Ponce de Leon hotel was damaged in this way. The loss on the hotel's furniture is heavy.

At St. Augustine the waves dashed over the sea wall and made rivers of the streets. Many wharves were blown away.

The damage to the orange growers is incalculable. Dispatches to the Times-Union say that in the large groves, the ground is completely covered with green oranges. The loss is fully 20 per cent. The east coast is still cut off from communication below St. Augustine and Palatka, though communication may be restored to-night. Every effort is being made to hear from Jupiter and Key West, which are supposed to have been in the storm center.

At Oklawaha and Orlando, interior points, several eels were found after the storm passed. It is safe to say that the storm has cost Florida more than a million dollars, but no lives have been lost unless at Key West, Titusville, Jupiter and other east coast points.

Storms on the Coast.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 28.—Heavy gales are raging along the coast to-night and the storm is increasing in violence.

The surf is dangerously rough along the beach, and the meadows between this city and the mainland are like a great bay. The railway tracks are covered, and late trains had much difficulty in crossing. Much damage is probable unless the storm abates.

MINE DISASTER.

Four Men Killed by a Disastrous Cave In Near Carbondale.

SCRANTON, PA., Sept. 28.—Two miners and two laborers were killed in the northwest colliery of Simpson and Watkins, at Simson, near Carbondale, late yesterday afternoon. Their mangled remains lie beneath a fall of rock which is ten feet wide, six feet high, and extends for at least sixty feet in the gang way off the third slope of the mine.

The killed are: William S. Mitchell, miner, aged forty-two years, leaves a wife and six children.

John J. Fanning, miner, aged forty-three years, single.

Andrew Clapkosky, laborer, aged thirty-five years, single.

George Barney, laborer, aged twenty-eight years, single.

Tug Wills, a driver, was the only witness of the horror. He was sitting alongside the track waiting for a car to be loaded by the ill-fated men, when without warning the roof of the gangway fell in within three feet of him. Without halting, he ran to the head of the slope and gave the alarm.

It is feared the bodies of the entombed men cannot be reached for several days.

SOCIETY LEADER KILLED.

Mrs. W. L. Jones, of Pittsburgh, Thrown from a Car and Fatally Hurt.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 28.—Mrs. W. L. Jones, wife of a prominent insurance agent, who represents a number of leading foreign companies here, was killed this afternoon just as she was starting out for a drive. Mr. and Mrs. Jones had just stepped into their surrey in front of their home when the horses backing Duquesne electric car.

The collision threw both occupants of the surrey violently to the ground, breaking both of Mrs. Jones' legs and badly bruising her husband. The lady died shortly afterward from the effects of her injuries. She was very prominent in social circles.

WHITE MEN HANGED

In Texas for Murder—Something Unusual but Strictly True.

PARIS, TEXAS, Sept. 28.—Tom Moore and Eugene Fuiks, white men, were executed this afternoon for murder committed in the Indian Territory. The evidence was entirely circumstantial, but convincing.

Both were game to the last, Fuiks dying with curses on his lips. They both declined the service of a minister, either in jail or on the scaffold. The trap was sprung at 2:05 and the bodies cut down twenty minutes later. Both necks were broken.

Hung By the Bed Clothes.

FINDLAY, OHIO, Sept. 28.—An infant child of Norman Hassler, one of the members of the traveling musical club, known as the "Schumann Quartette," met its death in a peculiar manner this afternoon. Mrs. Hassler had gone out of the house for a few minutes, leaving the child asleep on a bed. Upon returning she found the babe had slipped off the bed and entangled itself in the bed clothes in such a manner as to strangle itself to death.

MRS. PEARY DENIES

That Her Husband Ill-Treated His Men. He Shared His Food With Them.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—Mrs. Peary, wife of Lieutenant Peary, the explorer, to-day made an indignant denial to the charges made by W. T. Swain, one of the members of the expedition, against Lieutenant Peary's conduct, and also the food furnished. As to the charge of ungentlemanliness, Mrs. Peary said that her husband was overscrupulous in his treatment of the men. Mrs. Peary said:

"As to the fare, he gave them the very best it was possible to obtain. Everybody in the party was treated with entire impartiality. Mr. Peary ate at the table with the men and shared with them in every way.

"I could not, of course, go to the public table, on account of my baby. I had to hold the little one in my arms and it made it very inconvenient to eat there. A number of my friends sent me some canned things, and Mr. Peary made me keep them for myself. He would never touch any of these things himself, however, saying that he preferred to share in every particular with the men.

"If there is any discussion in regard to the food, Mrs. Cross, the trained nurse, who acted as cook, can settle the whole matter. She knows very well how Lieutenant Peary tried to obtain the proper rations."

"Were the men sent on these long trips without any preparation, as Swain alleges?" was asked.

"Well, I don't exactly know what is meant by preparations," replied Mrs. Peary. "About all the preparations they had to make was to hitch up the dogs and put on their furs. As to Mr. Swain's lameness, he had what is termed infantile paralysis. He was lame on that account and no other."

PEARY'S RELIEF

Is Imminently Necessary—Prof. Hellprin Interviewed.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Sept. 28.—The president of the Geographical Club was interviewed to-day on the probability of future aid to Lieutenant Peary.

Mrs. Peary has announced her intention of organizing another expedition to bring her husband back from Greenland; but from the expression of dissatisfaction with the lieutenant's management, it is possible she may not be successful.

"In the event of her failure," Prof. Hellprin was asked, "will the Geographical Club come to her assistance?"

"No action has as yet been taken by the club and none has been considered," he replied. "I think the individual members of the club will see to it that he is brought back in safety; the club may do so as a body."

"Could not Lieutenant Peary get back without help?"

"It is not impossible for him to return without assistance."

"Is there any necessity for another relief expedition?"

"It is imminently necessary that there be another relief expedition."

NEBRASKA DEMOCRATS

Will File Their Certificate, But the Bolters May Be Recognized.

OMAHA, NEB., Sept. 28.—To-morrow the regular state Democratic convention officers will attempt to file the certificate, showing the ticket selected by that body Wednesday.

It is understood the secretary of state will refuse to receive on the theory that the certificate filed by the bolt convention settles the question as far as his authority extends. Mandamus proceedings will follow at once, but it is feared it will be unnecessarily delayed until too late. The bolters filed an amendment certificate to-day to conform with the date of the convention opening and closing.

WELLMAN ARRIVES

From His Search for the North Pole—He Will Make Another Trial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—Walter Wellman, the newspaper correspondent who distinguished himself by a dash for the North Pole this summer, arrived at his home to-night. He was accompanied by Mrs. Wellman, who went on to New York to meet him. Over the partial failure of his expedition, Mr. Wellman is in no wise discouraged.

So confident is Mr. Wellman of the feasibility of the plan, of which he is the originator, that he will make another attempt to reach a hitherto unattained latitude next summer, and will make it along the same general lines which he pursued this year.

A Wise Move.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—Mail advices received here from China sources especially entitled to credit, of date early in August, are almost prophetic of what has already occurred there since that date, and if the predictions for the future hold good, Secretary Herbert's action in largely reinforcing the United States war ships in Chinese waters will be proved to have been a very wise move.

Cash in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—The cash balance in the treasury at the close of business to-day was \$122,330,236; gold reserve, \$38,708,408.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

There are premonitions of trouble between Mexico and Guatemala, growing out of a dispute over the boundary line between the two countries.

The judges of the district court who have been conducting the impeachment trial of Mayor George W. Bemis, of Omaha, handed down a decision exonerating him on every charge made.

The report of the third auditor of the treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, shows the total disbursements at national agencies on account of pension for that year to have been \$137,638,081.

The destination of the second Japanese army of 30,000 men is kept secret. The Japanese army in Korea is rapidly advancing north. No resistance to its progress is expected on this side of the Chinese frontier.

An extra freight train on the Mobile & Ohio railroad jumped the track near Columbus, Miss., and rolled down a high embankment. Conductor James Fitzgerald and Daniel Thompson, a colored brakeman, were killed.

Chevalier De Tavers, the Austrian minister to this country, has been assigned by his government as minister to Brazil and the present Austrian minister to Brazil has been assigned to take the chevalier's place in this country.

A PECULIAR CASE.

A. Greenstein, of Weston, Dies Suddenly at Eureka Springs.

AND WORD COMES FROM A STRANGER

That He Has Been Appointed Executor of the Dead Merchant's Estate and Will Have the Remains Interred at St. Louis—Masons, Knights of Pythias, Odd Fellows, and the Deceased's Friends Telegraph Their Protest—Mr. Greenstein Well Known in the State.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

WESTON, W. VA., Sept. 28.—Word was received here to-day that A. Greenstein died suddenly at Eureka Springs, Ark., on Thursday evening, the 27th instant, where he had gone in search of lost health. Mr. Greenstein, for the last fifteen years had been the leading clothier of this town, was well-to-do and stood high in the estimation of all who knew him. He was a member of the Masonic, Pythian and Odd Fellow lodges, and his death is universally mourned by his many friends.

The community at this writing is much exercised over the fact that word is just received from a stranger, B. J. Rosewater, who claims to have been appointed executor of Mr. Greenstein, and that he will inter the remains at St. Louis, Mo., but the citizens here, as well as all of the above named orders, have telegraphed their protest against that place of burial, and demanded that the remains be sent here for burial among his many friends.

WILL ARBITRATE.

The Massillon Miners Adopt Resolutions Ending the Strike.

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 28.—The following resolutions, adopted at 3 o'clock this morning by the miners and operators, tell the whole story:

"Resolved, That we, in delegate convention assembled, representing the employees of the mine operators of the Massillon district, agree to submit for a settlement the matters of difference between said employees and their several employers to a local board of arbitration, as provided in section 10 of the arbitration act of Ohio, one arbitrator to be selected by said employees, one by said employers and the third by the two thus chosen.

"Resolved, That the committee appointed by the meeting for the purpose be authorized and directed to sign the necessary articles on behalf of such employees for such arbitration if said operators agree thereto.

"Resolved, That we recommend to our constituents that they go to work in the several mines of the district as early as practicable, and not later than Tuesday, pending the result of arbitration."

CARPET MEN FAIL.

Prevailing Business Depression Causes an Assignment in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—William E. Hoeflich and Albert Wilson, trading as Hoeflich & Wilson, carpet manufacturers, Third and Dauphin streets, made an assignment to-day for the benefit of creditors to Frederick G. Elliott. Mr. Wilson said the cause of the failure was the prevailing business depression. The assets are about \$20,000, including machinery. Liabilities about \$30,000. The firm hopes to effect a settlement with its creditors.

DOWN GO WAGES.

Five Thousand Steel Workers Must Submit to a Reduction.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 28.—The Carnegie company proposes to readjust the wages of its 5,000 employees at the Edgar Thompson steel works. This, of course, means a reduction. The men have been working under a three-year scale, which expires October 30. Since the scale was formulated the Amalgamated Association has agreed to several heavy cuts in wages paid by the union competitors of the Carnegies, and the latter claim that they must meet these reductions.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR

Convention for 1895 will be Held in Boston—Railroads Cause the Change from San Francisco.

BOSTON, MASS., Sept. 28.—General Secretary Baer, of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, announced to-night that the international convention of 1895 would be held in Boston instead of San Francisco. This change has been made on account of the long delay of western railroad managers in announcing a decision in regard to special rates to the Pacific coast.

A RECORD BREAKER.

A Mexican Whose Friends Claim He Was a Century and a Half Old.

KERRVILLE, TEXAS, Sept. 28.—A Mexican named Madericos died at Ingram, near this city, to-day. His relatives and intimate friends assert most positively that he was 150 years old. He has been married five times, marrying his first wife 109 years ago. He had three grand sons in the war of 1812.

The Unbroken Deadlock.

BROOKVILLE, PA., Sept. 28.—The deadlock in the Republican conference of the Twenty-first congressional district remains unbroken. Five sessions were held to-day and thirty-seven ballots were taken, but none of the four candidates received a majority of the votes cast. After taking the 29th ballot the conference adjourned to meet to-morrow at 9 o'clock.

There Will Be No War.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Sept. 28.—A special to the Republic from Sturgis, Ky., says: It is settled that there is to be no bloodshed here nor at present at any rate. Collector Blackwell now declares that he will come with only his son, Gip, as a companion. A legal effort will be made to stop him on his first attempt to collect the tax.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

The Campaign of Offense and Defense Well Under Way.

At the meeting last night of the Ohio county Republican club, in the I. O. O. F. hall, there was considerable business of interest, after which Hon. G. W. Atkinson spoke. He commented on the favor with which William L. Wilson was received in England, and drew a patriotic lesson from his talk to the London chamber of commerce.

S. G. Smith made some reference to the remarks of Alfred Caldwell the night before, and said Caldwell would not run for senator because he was afraid the majority against him would reach 6,000 or 7,000, instead of 600 to 700 as heretofore. He never carried his own ward.

Mr. Campbell Richards made a good speech, and Mr. J. K. Hall dwelt on the importance of organization.

Last night Hon. G. W. Atkinson was to have spoken down at Friendly, and this afternoon at Little's Mill, also in Tyler county. Owing to a case in the United States court in which he was engaged, he could not go, and Hon. Alex. Campbell took his place.

On Monday evening Hon. N. E. Whitaker will address the voters of the Fifth ward in the K. of G. hall, over Blatchley's furniture store.

IN THE U. S. COURT.

Judge Cochran Wins His Suit Against the Terminal Company.

In the United States circuit court, in the case of the Wheeling Bridge and Terminal Company vs. R. H. Cochran, a verdict was rendered for defendant for \$1,784.98. This was an action by the railroad company for a balance claimed by it to be owing from Cochran, at the time of the institution of the suit, of \$2,147.22. The defendant set up as a set off to this claim, coupons of bonds issued by the company, matured since the suit was brought, amounting to \$225.00, and a charge for services rendered by him of \$7,000.

The case of L. D. Ullom vs. Anna and F. M. Crow, was then put on trial and is still pending.

A BIG DAMAGE SUIT

Brought Against the Register for Libel Yesterday.

Yesterday Temple Harris entered suit in the circuit court against the Register for \$25,000 damages for libel. His lawyers are C. D. Fanner, J. G. McClellan and McDougle & McCann, all of Parkersburg. The case grows out of a telegram printed in the Register sometime ago accusing Harris of helping to "hold up" an alleged enemy, Alfred Caldwell, for the West Virginia Printing Company, publishers of the Register, demanded security for the costs.

Building Notes.

George Ebeling, the South Side druggist, has been making some repairs in his place of business.

William Dickman, the South Side grocer, is making some repairs at his place of business, corner Twenty-sixth and Market streets.

Kratz Bros. have received the contract for the erection of a two-story frame house on Jacob street, South Side, for Mrs. Lewis Esmey. The Holiday planing mill will furnish the material.

The contract has been let to Metzger & Hamilton for the erection of a double frame house of two stories for Mrs. Emil Arndt on North Huron street, Island. The house will be of neat design by Hamilton & Heigist, architects. Holiday & Son received the contract for the building material.

FITZ MEANS BUSINESS.

He Says He Is Determined to Meet Corbett. He Ignores O'Donnell's Challenge.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 28.—"If Mr. Corbett will say that he does not want to meet Mr. Fitzsimmons, I won't bother him any more, but I will claim the heavy-weight championship of the world and walk off with it."

This was the response of Robert Fitzsimmons, champion middleweight, to James J. Corbett's statement sent out by the press last night.

Fitzsimmons and a crowd of sports stopped over here for a while to-day on their way north from New Orleans. The champion middleweight was mad at Corbett.

"He wants me to meet Steve O'Donnell, eh? Let O'Donnell whip Maher or Hall or somebody. I have defeated them. Then I will fight him. I shall try to get a fight out of Corbett, and shall put my fist in his face yet. There will be no trouble about my putting up \$25,000, if that is required."

PRINCETON'S REFORM.

Hazing Abolished by the Undergraduates by a Unanimous Vote.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 28.—To-day marked the beginning of a new era in the history of Princeton. The entire undergraduate body in mass meeting assembled voted to abolish the entire custom of hazing. This action was a response to the appeal made by J. W. Alexander, of New York, at the opening exercises last week. Gordon Johnson voiced the sentiments of the upper classmen when he said:

"The fair name of Princeton has long been disgraced by this brutal and cowardly custom, and it has become our duty as friends of our Alma Mater to abolish it once and for all."

H. O. Brown, left out on the foot ball team, then moved that hazing in all its phases be abolished.

This was carried unanimously amid loud cheering.

BIG FIRE RAGING.

Stillwater Manufacturing Company's Plant Burning Down.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Sept. 28.—A Stillwater, Minn., special to the Globe says: At 10:30 o'clock last night fire broke out in the Stillwater Manufacturing Company's plant, and the entire establishment was destroyed. The fire is still raging and some adjacent buildings are in imminent peril, and a hard wind is blowing, giving the department a terrible blaze to cope with.

It is impossible at this hour to estimate the loss or extent of the fire, as sparks are flying in every direction. Help was asked from St. Paul and a couple of engines sent to the help of the Stillwater department. The loss will be very heavy.

A JAP VICTORY

On the Soil of China is Reported From Manchuria.

INVASION BY THE JAPANESE ARMY

Followed Quickly By a Decisive Battle—Chinese Officials Refuse to Credit the Story, But at the Japanese Legation in Washington it is Pointed Out That Such an Engagement Should be a Direct Result of the Ping Yang Victory—Chinese Emperor Displeased.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A dispatch from Shanghai says it is reported there that the Japanese have succeeded in entering the Chinese province of Manchuria, and that they are advancing upon the capital, Moukden.

It is also said that fighting has taken place between the invaders and the Chinese at a town between that city and the frontier.

The engagement is said to have ended in a decisive victory for the Japanese who, it is added, established themselves in the position previously occupied by the Chinese troops.

No details of this reported battle are given, and the Chinese at Shanghai discredit the report.

Another dispatch from Shanghai says the emperor is dissatisfied with the course events are taking, and that affairs are gradually working toward a coup d'etat. The Chinese war ship Kwang Cla is reported to have been lost while running from the fight off the mouth of Yalu river.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—At the Japanese legation to-day no official confirmation of the reported Japanese invasion of Manchuria and the reported decisive victory of the Japanese near Moukden, the capital of the Chinese province, could be obtained, but the reports were credited. It was pointed out by the Japanese that an invasion of Manchuria would be a direct result of the Japanese victory at Ping Yang, and the diplomats at the legation were willing to credit the news of a repetition of the triumph of the soldiers of the Mikado in the new territory.

The report from Paris of a provisional agreement between Russia and China said to have been effected in July, by which Russia agreed not to cross the Sarrikul range, was regarded as possible, if not probable, at the Japanese legation, although the fact of its having been kept so long secret was believed to militate against its authenticity. It was pointed out, however, that such an agreement made just as the troubles between China and Japan was being precipitated had no bearing on that struggle and was probably simply a provisional settlement of the Pamir question which has long been a bone of contention for the diplomats of the Chinese emperor and the czar. The Pamir tableland inhabited by the Tartars lies on the northeastern frontier of China, separating that country from Asiatic Russia.

London Wool Sales.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—At the wool sales to-day, 13,000 bales were offered, of which 1,500 were withdrawn. American buyers purchased 600 bales, making their total purchase so far above 8,000 bales. Continental buyers were again active. Good crossbreds and greasy combings made extreme to hardening rates. The following are the